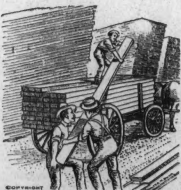


SEE DAVE

WHAT WE DO WE DO WELL
HE MAKES CLOTHES

D. G. HARVIE

CROSSFIELD LUMBER YARD



**Going
to
Build?**

Then come in and talk over your plans with us. We will be pleased to furnish you an estimate on anything you may need in our line. Remember we have one of the largest and best stocks of lumber on the line and our prices are right.

CROSSFIELD LUMBER YARD

W. STUART & CO., PROPRIETORS
GEO. BECKER, MANAGER

With right prices, right terms, right goods,

you cannot fail to do right by buying the right article at the right time.

Our Buggy stock is right, the roads are right, the season of the year is right; when in town call and do right.

Our new Deering Binder is right, having all the appealing features of the old and a great many new ones; it will pay you to see it before placing your order.

What are the four points to be considered in buying a binder? It has them and is **Second to None** and is sold by

McKAY BROS.

LUMBER OF ALL KINDS

At Prices to Defy competition at

McDonald & McNaughton's Mills
WE HAVE

Shiplap, Flooring, Window and Door Jambs, Ceiling, Drop-siding, Dimension and Rough Lumber

POST OFFICE ADDRESS—CREMONA

Mill West of the Little Red Deer. Accommodations for man and beast. Terms Cash

June Wedding

SCOTT-SHAFFER

A very pretty wedding took place Sunday evening at 7 o'clock in the parlor of the Methodist parsonage, when Miss Carrie Scott was married to Mr. Dan Shaffer. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. W. A. Smith.

The bride was prettily attired in a white gown of all-over embroidery, beautifully trimmed with insertion and tucked net. Her flowers were white roses and carnations with maiden hair fern. Her large white picture hat, the rim of which rolled up on the left side, and its trimming of laces and flowers, was very becoming.

The wedding guests were Miss R. Stone, Mr. Wm. Keil, Mr. and Mrs. D. Ontkes also eldest daughter Miss Marie, Miss M. Walsh and Miss DeLong.

After the ceremony a dainty wedding supper was served by Mrs. Stevens, in her parlors.

The couple departed amid showers of rice, old shoes, and best wishes of their many friends, on the evening passenger, going to Vancouver and other points on the coast, and at the end of the honeymoon trip will locate in Calgary where the groom, who is well known and much respected by Crossfield neighborhood, will follow his trade.

Provincial Exhibition

The exhibition ground at Calgary is now a very busy place. A small army of workmen are making the repairs and preparing the exhibits for the Provincial Exhibition to be held June 30th to July 7th. All available space in the buildings for industrial exhibits has been secured some weeks ago, and a number of exhibits have to be content with tent space.

Entries close at Calgary June 18.

The forestry plantation immediately in front of the main gate was prepared and trees planted about the middle of May, and each succeeding year will be a living demonstration of what can be done in tree planting on the plains. While the exhibition directors are providing that educational features and exhibits shall be the "meat of the meal" for visitors, they also believe that they like some dessert in the form of good music and attractions, and the following list of features of the best quality cannot help but cater to the various tastes and fancies of our numerous visitors:

The Navassar Ladies' Band, finest in the world, assisted by the Calgary Rifle band and the Calgary Citizens' Band.

A reproduction of the making of the Indian treaty of 1877 illuminated with magnificent display of fireworks.

A \$7,000 racing program.

Alber's ten snow white polar bears.

Rex's Comedy Circus.

The Six Abdallahs Brothers, marvellous acrobats.

Ramza and Arno, clever comedians.

The only Rube Shields, the fun maker.

Demonstration of the Calgary Fire Department with specially trained horses.

Do not forget that entries close on June 18th.

Very low passenger rates. Six or seven special trains to the exhibition and a special excursion to Banff on July 7th.

A handsome illustrated pamphlet giving information regarding the exhibition will be sent by return mail on application to the manager at Calgary.

Government Crop Report

Ottawa, June 16.—The Census and Statistics Office has issued a report on the estimated area and condition of the principal field crops of Canada at the end of May, based on the reports of a large staff of correspondents.

The area under fall wheat is put down at 707,200 acres, which is 45,100 acres more than last year, and its per cent of a standard condition given as 87.05, which is 5.50 higher than last year. Spring wheat is given an area of 8,887,000 acres, being 1,499,300 acres more than last year, and its condition as compared with the end of May last year is 91.49 to 92.15. Oats, which has an area of 9,864,100 acres, is 561,500 acres more than last year, and its condition at the end of May was 93.95. A year ago its condition was 92.32. The area of barley is 1,834,000 acres, or 30,500 acres less than last year, and its condition is reported at 92.94 compared with 91.49 last year, and its condition is reported at 92.94 compared with 91.49 last year. The rye crop continues to decrease, but its condition is about the same as a year ago. Peas with 386,100 acres is less than last year by 7,200 acres, and its condition is 93.01 as compared with 90.99 last year. The area of mixed grains is 575,700 acres, or 6,400 acres less than last year, and their condition at the end of May was 94.72 compared with 91.71 last year. The area in hay and clover is given as 8,515,400 acres, which is 395,100 acres more than last year, and the condition is 97.64 or 7.28 more than in 1909.

The area of all these field crops is reported at 30,554,200 acres, which is 2,350,300 acres more than last year and 4,651,050 acres more than in 1908. The

largest increase has taken place in wheat which has now reached 6,294,800 acres. In 1909 it was 7,750,400 acres and in 1908 it was 6,610,300 acres, which is a gain in two years of 2,684,500 acres or more than 40 per cent. The provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta increased their area in wheat from 2,495,466 acres in 1900 to 5,624,000 acres in 1908 and to 8,505,400 acres in 1910. In Saskatchewan alone the increase of this year over last year is 1,163,000 acres.

Ontario shows an increase in fall wheat from 981,100 to 609,200 acres and in oats from 3,142,200 to 3,272,000 acres, Quebec from 1,574,100 to 1,640,000 acres, Manitoba from 1,390,000 to 1,451,000 acres, Saskatchewan from 1,847,000 to 1,973,000 acres and Alberta from 820,000 to 974,000 acres.

The condition of pastures is over 100 in the Maritime Provinces and Quebec. It is 93.60 in Ontario, 89 in British Columbia and around 80 in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Alfalfa is growing in favor in all the provinces, but especially in Ontario where a large number of correspondents report upon the increased area in this crop.

The effects of late frosts have been felt in many places, and injury has been done to fruits and tender vegetables in some localities, but generally the prevailing low temperatures of April and May have strengthened the field crops and have left them better able to withstand the attacks of night frosts, and re-seeding and re-planting have been less necessary than in former years.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

NEW TRI-WEEKLY NIGHT TRAIN

BETWEEN

CALGARY AND

STRATHCONA

Commencing June 6 1910

READ DOWN READ UP
Mon., Wed., Fri. Tue., Thur., Sat.

24.55	Lv. Calgary Ar.	8.10
1.47	Airdrie	7.22
2.10	Crossfield	6.58
2.38	Capriani	6.36
2.56	Didsbury	6.22
3.20	Olds	6.00
3.46	Bowden	5.38
4.06	Innisfail	5.16
4.50	Ar. Red Deer Lv.	5.16
5.00	Lv.	4.30
5.45	Lacombe	3.47
6.20	Ponoka	3.00
7.00	Wetaskiwin	2.24
7.19	Millar	2.03
7.40	Leduc	1.58
8.15	Ar. Strathcona Lv.	1.00

Flag Stop.
NOTE—NORTHBOUND train between Calgary and Red Deer will stop at flag stops to detain only. SOUTHBOUND train between Strathcona and Red Deer will stop at flag stops to allow passengers to detain only.
STANDARD SLEEPERS AND FIRST CLASS COACHES



ONTKES & ARMSTRONG.

Lodge Cards

M. W. OF A.

SUSALTA CAMP No. 13861

Meets in Oddfellows' Hall, Crossfield, the Second Thursday and Fourth Saturday of each month.

Visiting neighbors welcome.
CHAS. MCKAY, Geo. O. DAVIS,
V. C., Clerk and Secretary.

CROSSFIELD LODGE I. O. O. F.

No. 42

Meets Every Wednesday Night in the Oddfellows Hall at 7:30 p.m.
Visiting Brethren Welcome.

James Dryburgh, Rec.-Sec.



"No Surrender." No. 1906.

Meets Tuesday on or before the Full Moon. Visiting brethren always welcome.
Geo. W. Boyer, A. Wheeler,
W. M., Sec.

Court Prairie Flower No. 1157

Meets the first Saturday and third Monday in the month. Visiting brethren always welcome. For further information write any of the brethren.
D. Outkes, James Mewhort,
C. R., Rec. Sec.

Professional Cards

C. W. MOORE,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR,
NOTARY PUBLIC
Carstairs, Alberta
Will be at Crossfield every Thursday.

Dr. LARGE,

Dentist, Carstairs,

Will be at the Alberta Hotel, Crossfield, Every Thursday.
AT CARSTAIRS OFFICE
Every Day, Except Wednesday and Thursday.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

We cater for business of Manufacturers, Engineers and others who realize the advisability of having their Patent business transacted by Experts. Preliminary advice free. Charges moderate. Our Inventor's Address sent upon request. Marston & Marston, New York Life Insurance Co. and Washington, D.C., U.S.A.

For Quick Sale of Real Estate IN THE

Acme District

List Your Property With
McLain & May,
ACME, - ALTA.

TAPSCOTT, P. O.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES
Insurance placed in Best Companies.
We have some fine farm lands for sale and invite prospective purchasers to give us a call.

THE ARCADE

Pool Room and Cigar Store

Come in and spend a pleasant hour and try our Cigars and Soft Drinks. Latest Magazines always kept in stock.

H. Mann Prop.

The Crossfield Chronicle

Subscription price: \$1.00 per year in advance; or \$1.50 if not paid in advance.
Published at the Chronicle office, at Crossfield, Alberta, each Friday.

RATES

Lost, Strayed, Found, Wanted and other transient advertisements at a similar nature one cent a word, six insertions for the price of four. Payable in advance.

Business locals 10 cents per line first insertion; and 5 cents per line each subsequent insertion.

Legal advertisements, 12 cents per line for first insertion; and 8 cents each subsequent insertion.

Commercial contract rates upon application.

F. H. SCHOOLEY,

EDITOR.

FRIDAY, JUNE 17, 1910.

Vancouver Province: If there is any prominent statesman in England whose name has not been mentioned in connection with the vice-regal chair at Ottawa, will he please hold up his hand.

Some one is now putting up big talk of launching a third political party in Alberta. The natural inference is that the promoters of the scheme have no hope of obtaining coveted fat offices through either of the old parties. Patriotism amongst politicians seems to have become almost as scarce as the proverbial hen's teeth. In these degenerate days the main question appears to be how to land the swag.

China Goes English

New York, June 15.—The Chinese government has officially decreed that English shall be the official language for scientific and technical education in that country, according to advices which have reached New York. The imperial decree makes the study of English compulsory in all the provincial, scientific and technical high schools and provides that final examinations for degrees in these branches shall be through the medium of English. This important action by the Chinese supervisors of education is said to be largely due to the influence of students who have been educated abroad.

Immigration Regulations

For some time past the press of the British Isles has been waging warfare on the Canadian immigration regulations, directed in the main against two regulations: the first requiring immigrants coming to employment other than farm work, or, in the case of females, to domestic service, to have in their possession at time of landing the sum of \$25, in addition to railway transportation to ultimate destination; the second providing that the consent to emigrate to Canada (required by law to be granted by the Assistant Superintendent of Emigration for Canada in London, England, to such charity aided emigrants as he considers suited to this country) shall be given only to such as are suited for, willing to accept, and have assured employment at farm work. A strong agitation is being carried on to have these regulations abolished or altered.

The Chronicle believes the regu-

lations are all right as they stand. If they err at all it is in not being stringent enough. Under the existing regulations the gate is opened wide for every immigrant that can be of any possible use to Canada.

To remove the regulations that appear to give offense in certain quarters in the mother country would be to open the way for the admission of large numbers of very undesirable immigrants. Of course we can see why the British Isles want to get rid of these undesirables, but for the life of us we can't see why they should be dumped on Canada.

MANY VIEWS OF CANADA

London Post Thinks British Farmers Should Unite to Tax Colonial

What.—The Morning Post objecting in the interests of agriculturists to free importation of colonial wheat, which may ultimately mean the loss of two million pounds to the revenue, says if the farmers' organizations would only concentrate, they would not prove strong enough to get their own way but by asserting their claim, that they be recognized as equitable by self-governing dominions, each of which has adopted similar policy of drawing revenue from British as well as foreign imports.

The Daily Mail, agent Laurier's remarks on the choice of a vicerey, says coming from a statesman of French descent and great experience these reflections are flattering to our national pride and any departure from present practice would be productive of harm. The Standard describes the scene at Ottawa as memorable and moving.

The Daily Standard criticizes Canadian borrowing methods, making the point that the last thing to be desired is continued uninterrupted popularity of Canadian municipal issues with British investors, even if at times some concessions have to be given as regards price of issue and method in place of taking advantage of keen competition on the part of financiers, which might arise if a loan were put up for public tender.

The Times says Laurier's insight is equal to his great experience and he never excelled in clearness of vision and felicity of phrase, passages which he recently outlined the relations between the British governor-general's and systems of national self-government wherever they were sent to provide. Laurier speaks on all constitutional questions with something of the fervor and imagination of Gladstone.

Farewell Earl Grey Formally

Ottawa.—The parliament of Canada assembled in the senate chamber and bade a formal farewell to Earl Grey as governor-general. However, it is not likely that his departure will return to England before next October, as he contemplates visiting the west during the coming summer.

The floor of the senate was well filled with senators, members of the house of commons, their wives and lady friends, while the galleries were also crowded.

Earl Grey was evidently moved when he responded to the address from the members of parliament, which was read in English by Speaker Kerr of the senate, and by Speaker Marcell, of the house of commons in French.

He thanked Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Mr. Borden, Sir Richard Cartwright, and Senator Loughheed, for the kind sentiments expressed towards him.

More Families for Ready-Made Farms

Calgary.—Mr. C. W. Peterson of the Canadian Pacific Irrigation Colonization Co. announced recently that four, ten more families are preparing to leave England to go on to ready-made farms at Strathmore as soon as they can dispose of their farms in the Old Country and close up other business. The first party of "ready-made" farmers are now settled on the farms and are satisfied not to say pleased, according to Mr. Peterson.

OVER 25 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS DESIGNS

Copyrights &c.

Agents for the British and Dominion of Canada, and for the United States, of all scientific, mechanical, electrical, and chemical inventions, and for the registration of trade marks, designs, and copyrights. Also for the preparation of legal documents, and for the recovery of claims for patents, trade marks, designs, and copyrights. All business transacted by mail.

Scientific American.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 215 St. St., Washington, D.C.

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION CALGARY

JUNE 30th to JULY 7th, 1910

LARGE PRIZE LIST

All Freight Refunded on Exhibits Originating in Alberta.

Over \$1000 Offered for Grain Competition Including Acre Yield Competition

Milking Machine Demonstrations and Lectures
Magnificent Art and China Display
Best Music and Attractions Including
The Navarraz Ladies' Band
Grand Fireworks Display
Albers Ten Snow White Polar Bears
Herzog's Six Trained Stallions
The Six Arabians Brothers, Marvellous Aerobats
Ramaz and Arno, Clever Comedians
Al G. Barnes Trained Wild Animal Show
Reproduction of the Making of the Blackfoot Indian Treaty, illuminated with fire works.

FOR PRIZE LIST AND ENTRY FORMS, WRITE

I. S. C. VAN WART E. L. RICHARDSON
PRESIDENT MANAGERFarmers Meat Market
WE SELL

Fresh and Cured Meat, Fresh and Cured Fish, Poultry, Butter and Eggs.

WE BUY

Cattle, Hides, Hogs, Butter, Eggs and Poultry paying the best Market Price.

Our Motto

"QUALITY RIGHT PRICE RIGHT"
TIMS & ATKINS

The CROSSFIELD MEAT MARKET

Wholesale and Retail Butchers

WE

Pay Cash for BUTTER, EGGS, POULTRY and HIDES. We buy HOGS live or dressed.

WE

Sell SMOKED MEATS, FRESH MEATS, FRESH FISH, SMOKED FISH.

The CROSSFIELD MEAT MARKET

L. G. FISHER, Proprietor

A Husband by Proxy

By JACK STEELE

(Copyright, 1909, by Diamond Press, Inc.)

CHAPTER XIII.—(Continued)

A Tryst in the Park

HE sat there till the sun was gone and dusk closed in upon the city. The first faint lights began to twinkle, like the pages start in the buildings that hedged the park about. He meant to hunt out a restaurant and dine presently, but what to do afterward he could not determine.

There was nothing to be done at Brachville or Hickwood at night, and but little, for the matter of that, to be done by day. Tomorrow would be ample time to return to that theatre of uncertainty. He longed for one thing only—another sight of Dorothy—enmeshed within his heart.

Reminded at last of the man who had followed on his trail, he purposely averted from the park and crossed two blocks, by streets now almost deserted, and was reasonably certain he had shaken off pursuit. As a matter of fact, his "shadow" had lost him in the Subway, and now, having notified the house by telephone, was watching the house where he roamed.

Garrison ate his dinner in a mood of ceaseless meditation concerning Dorothy. He was worried to know what might have happened since he had left her from her home. Half inclined in one minute to go again to the house, in the next he was quite undisturbed. The thought of the telephone came like an inspiration. Unless the Robinsons should interfere, he might reach the heart of her condition.

At a drug store, near the restaurant, he found a quiet booth, far removed from the noise, more public boxes at the eating place he had quitted. He closed himself in the booth, the cubby-hole, asked for the number and waited.

It seemed an interminable time till a faint "Hello!" came over the wire, and he fancied the voice was a man's.

"Hello!" it was that Mrs. Fairfax said. "I'd like to speak to Mrs. Fairfax."

"Wait a minute, please. Who is it?" said a voice unmistakably masculine.

"Mr. Wallace," said Garrison, by way of pretension. "She'll understand."

"Hold the wire, please!"

He held the receiver to his ear, and waited again. At length came a softer, more musical greeting. It was Dorothy.

His heart was instantly leaping at the sound of her voice.

"Hello! Is that someone to speak to me?" she said. "This is Mrs. Fairfax."

"Yes," answered Garrison. "This is Jerrish. I felt I must find out about you—how you are. I've been distressed at the way I was obliged to leave."

"Oh! said the voice faintly. "I'm all right—thank you. I must see you—right away. Her voice at that time he could barely distinguish.

"Where are you now?"

"Downtown," said Garrison.

"Where shall I meet you?"

"I—hardly know," said the barely audible reply. "Perhaps at Central Park and Ninety-third Street."

"I'll start at once," he assured her. "If you leave the house in fifteen minutes we shall arrive about the same time. Try to avoid being followed."

"Good-by."

He listened to her answer, but it did not come. He heard the distant receiver ring against its hook, and then the connection was broken.

He was happy, in a wild, lawless manner, as he left the place and hastened to the Elevated station. The prospect of meeting Dorothy once more, in the warm, fragrant air of her presence, like that of lovers, made his pulses surge and his heart beat quick with excitement. All thought of her possible connection with the Brachville crime had fled.

The train could not run fast enough to satisfy his hot impatience. He wished to be there beneath the trees when she should presently come. He alighted at last at the Ninety-third Street station, and hastened to the park.

When he came to the appointed place he found an entrance to the greenery near by. Within were people on every bench in sight—New York's unnumbered lovers, whose wooing is accomplished in all but gilded glades which the park affords.

Here and there a bit of animated dame made a tiny motor streak against the blackness of the foliage—where a dainty quipped for its mate, switching on its marvellous little flashlight. Beyond, on the smooth, broad roadways, four-eyed chariots of power shot silently through the avenues of trees—the autos, like living dragons, half tamed to man's control.

It was all thrilling and exciting to Garrison, with the expectation of meeting Dorothy now possessing all his nature. There was a faint, singular stillness began to fall. The effect was almost instantaneous. A dozen pairs of sweet, white, together fading, that shrouded, mated strangers, came scuttling forth from unseen places, making a lively run for the nearest shelter.

Garrison could not retreat. He did not mind the rain, except in so far as it might discourage Dorothy. He was waiting she might have gone into the park, he walked there briskly, looking for some solitary figure that should by this time be in waiting. He thought she had not come—and perhaps in the rain she might not arrive at all.

Back towards the entrance he loitered. A full in the traffic of the street and made the place singularly still. He could hear the raindrops beating on the leaves. They ceased as abruptly as they had commenced.

He turned once more down the dimly lighted path. His heart gave a quick

joyous leap. Near a bench was a figure—the figure of a woman whose grace, he fancied, was familiar.

Her back was apparently turned, as he drew near. He was about to whistle, only to warn her of his coming, when the shrubbery just ahead and beside the path was abruptly parted, and a man with a short, wrapped cloth in his hand sprang forth and struck him viciously over the head.

He was falling, dimly conscious of a horrible blur of lights in his eyes, as helplessly as if he had been made of paper. A second blow, before he crumpled on the pavement, blotted out the last remaining vestige of emotion. He lay there in a limp, awkward heap.

The female figure had turned, and now came striding to the place with a step too long for a woman. There was no word spoken. Together the two lifted Garrison's unconscious form, carried it quickly to the shrubbery, fumbled about it for a minute or two, struck a match, and vanished in one of the glistening side streets, where the rain was reflecting the lamps.

CHAPTER XIV.

A Package of Death

A low, distant rumble of thunder denoted a new gathering of storm. Five minutes passed, and then the lightning flashed across the firmament directly



THE WINNIEPEE CLEARING HOUSE

Scene in Room Where Over Three-Quarters of a Billion Dollars Were Cleared Last Year

overhead. A crash like the splitting of the heavens followed, and the rain poured down as if it poured through the slit. The violence lasted hardly more than five minutes, after which the downpour abated a little of its fury. But a steady, quieter precipitation continued, with the swiftly moving centre of disturbance already far across the sky.

The rain in his face, and the brisk puff of newly washed coils in his heavily moving head, aroused Garrison's struggling conscience from its slow degrees. Strange, fantastic images, old memories, weird phantasms, and wholly impossible fancies, played through his brain with the dull, torturing persistence of nightmares for a time that seemed to him endless.

It was fully half an hour before he was sufficiently aroused to roll to an upright position and pass his hand before his eyes.

He was sick and weak. He could not recall what had happened. He did not know where he was.

He was all but soaked by the rain, despite the fact that a tree with dense foliage was spread above him, and he had his beneath protecting shrubberies. Slowly the humbleness seemed to flow from his brain, like the mist from the surface of a lake. He remembered that it was in patches.

Dorothy—that was it—and something had happened.

He was stupidly aware that he was sitting on something uncomfortable—a lump, perhaps a stone—but he did not move. He was waiting for his brain to clear. When at length he hoisted his heavy weight upon his knees, and then staggered drunkenly to his feet, to blunder toward a tree and support himself by its trunk, his normal circulation began to be restored, and pain assailed his skull, arousing him further to his senses.

He leaned for some time against the tree, gathering up the threads of his tangle. It all came back, distinct and

sharp at last, and, with memory, his strength was returning. He felt of his head, on which his hat was jammed.

The bone and the muscles at the base of the skull were sore and sensitive, but the hurt had not gone deep. He felt incapable of thinking it out—the reason, and all that it meant. He wondered if his attacker had thought to leave him dead.

Mechanically his hands sought out his pockets. He found his watch and pocketbook in place. Some weight seemed dragging at his coat. When his hand went slowly to the place, he found it out—a cold, cylindrical affair, of metal, with a thick cord hanging from its end. Then a chill crept all the distance down his spine.

The thing was a bomb!

Cold perspiration and a sense of horror came upon him together. An underlying current of thought, feebly left unfocused in his brain—a thought of himself as a victim, led to the park for on the cheek.

The cord on this metal engine of destruction was a fuse. The rain had drenched it and quenched its spark of fire, doubtless at some break in the fire.

Nothing but the thunderstorm had saved him. He had walked into a trap, and chance alone had intervened to bring him forth alive.

His mind was now thoroughly active. Reactionary energy rushed in

since those who had placed the bomb in his pocket would long before have fled the scene to make an alibi complete. The rain had ceased. Wrapping the fuse about the metal cartridge in his hand, he came beneath a lamp-post by the wall, and looked the thing over in the light.

There was nothing much to see. A snip of gas-pipe, with a cap on either end, one drilled through for the insertion of the fuse, described it completely.

The knot in the fuse where the rain had found entrance to dampen the powder, was plainly to be seen.

Garrison placed the contrivance in his pocket. He pulled out his watch. The hour, to his amazement, was nearly ten. Halting to wonder what cleverness might suggest as the best possible thing to be done, he somewhat grimly determined to proceed to Dorothy's house.

CHAPTER XV.

Significant Discoveries

Damp and uncomfortable, he kept to the farther side of the street, and slacked his pace as he drew near the dwelling which he realized was a place replete with mystery.

He stood on the opposite sidewalk at length, and gazed across at the frowning brownstone front. The place was utterly dark. Not the slightest glint of light was visible in all its sombre windows.

Aware that nothing is so utterly confusing to a guilty being as to be confronted unexpectedly by a victim, supposed to be dispatched, Garrison had come this far without the slightest hesitation. The aspect of the house, however, was discouraging.

Despite the ache at the base of his skull and despite the excited thumping of his heart, he crossed the street, climbed unthinkingly to the steps, and rang the bell. He had made up his mind to act as if nothing unusual had occurred.

murmured, half to himself. Then a thought occurred to him abruptly—a bold suggestion, on which he determined to act.

"In my room kept ready, in case of present need like this tonight!" he said. "Or, if not, could you prepare it?"

"It's all quite ready, sir, clean lines and all, the room next to Mrs. Fairfax's," said the woman. "I always keeps it ready, sir."

"Very good," said Garrison, with his mind made up to remain all night and explore the house for possible clues to anything connected with his mysteries. "You may wait here till I get my apartments. I can find my way upstairs."

"Is there anything I could get you, sir?" inquired the woman. "You look a bit pale, sir, if you'll pardon the forwardness."

"Thank you, no," he answered gratefully. "All I need is rest." He slipped half a dollar in her hand.

The woman switched on the lights in the hallway above.

"Good-night, sir," she said. "If you're seeking anything more I hope you'll ring."

"Good-night," said Garrison. "I shall not disturb you, I'm sure."

With ample nerve to enact the part of master, he ascended the stairs, proceeded to the room to which he had always gone before, and waited to hear the woman's voice retire to her quarters in the basement.

The room denoted nothing unusual. The room which he had taken from the vase to obtain water to sprinkle on Dorothy's face, had disappeared. The vase was there, as usual.

He crossed the floor and tried the door that led to Dorothy's boudoir. It was unlocked. He went further ad, began his explorations.

It was not without a sense of gratitude that he presently discovered the bathroom at the rear of the hall. Here he laid his face and head, being very much refreshed.

A secondary hall led away from the rear, and through this he came at once to the rooms which had evidently been set apart for Dorothy and her husband. The room which he knew was supposed to be his own contained nothing save comfortable furnishings. He, therefore, went at once to Dorothy's apartments.

(To be continued)

THE CARE OF PUPPIES

(By Ames Burbanck)

THE season for a word about rearing puppies is here. Spruce breeders, while it might almost be said raise themselves, need some attention nevertheless. Their dam should be kept some time spent on her daily with the brush and comb to keep her coat in good shape. Dip the bristles of the brush in sulphur and rub this well into the coat as it will help to kill any disease germs that might get into the stomachs of the puppies from their nursing mother's sores.

After the puppets get to about three or four weeks old they can then be given some skin milk twice or three times a day, which will help to keep them from getting fat.

This milk is better than milk with a large amount of butter fat in it makes better food for the puppies. Put a bit of sugar in it. This will add all the fat that is needed to supply the nourishment of the kind. When puppies are a month old I give the dose of worm killer whether it is sure or not that they have worms in their stomachs. It is the best thing I ever tried. It must be remembered that distemper often comes from worms in the puppies' stomachs. Clean food does not always seem to solve the difficulty. If the puppies' stomachs are kept clean they will not contract distemper from themselves.

Soon the puppies will be eating mush and milk and some cooked meat or puppy cakes made by some standard dog food manufacturer. The idea is to avoid overfeeding at any one time and still get them right up to a keen edge at feeding time. Take them for a run, rib bones for the teeth will be good. Dogs' teeth are made to be used. They must have something to gnaw on in order to develop their teeth.

Exercise is essential. Clean yarding will not do. Let them run where they have reached the age where they need romping and running to make strong feet and legs. Take them for a run daily if possible or have a very large yard to let them romp in. When they are taken out it is a good idea to have a small rifle along and get them into the notion of loving a gun. I have seen puppies that would howl and bark with delight when they saw the gun in the hands of the master. It meant a run and they knew it. It is often easy to arrange with some one in the country to rear puppies that are whelped and started in town. I have paid from one to two dollars per month for the keeping of puppies in the country and considered it money well spent. Hunting dogs cannot learn all about the country too early if they are to be precursors in their work.

Yards where they are grown must be kept clean. And keeping a piece of sulphur in the drinking water is a plan that many kennel men use to keep the water clean and clear every day. Bedding must be changed every few days. Brushing them from day to day to keep their skin clean and get rid of the dirt is a plan that many kennel men use to keep the dogs clean and healthy.

Who can mention one leading fact about the puppies? asked the Sunday-school teacher, looking over the class.

Johnny's hand went up. "Well, Johnny?"

"They were the wives of the Apostles."

They were the wives of the Apostles. They were the wives of the Apostles. They were the wives of the Apostles.

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Transient Advertisements

Wanted

At the office of publication of this periodical the following—advertisements subscriptions, job work and news items.

Furnished rooms to let. Apply at The Chronicle office.

Pasture

Wanted—Cattle or horses to pasture, ten miles from Crossfield. Good pasture and good water. Leave word at The Chronicle office. 23-4-x

For Sale

4 pure bred yearlings and 1 two year old short horned bulls. Apply J. D. Chambers, Crossfield, Sec. 4, Tp. 29, R. 1. West of 6th.

Percheron Mares and Stallion, 1400 to 1700, one registered in foal, all broke, well bred. 8 miles east of Crossfield. 11-96-x John Patterson

Brands

Why let your letters go astray when printed stationary costs but little more than unprinted. Brand your envelopes. One hundred envelopes printed at this office with space left for number of days and name of sender for fifty cents. This offer for farmers only.

James Robertson, Crossfield. Cattle branded at left ribs. Aug. 14 C

All cattle branded on right ribs and also any marked on left ribs belong to Jas. Fowler, Crossfield, Alta. 6-206-x

Strayed

Strayed a chance to make money from my hands last week. I did not use the Chronicle column. Under please return to Merchant Mossback, Nobusiness Corners.

500 Reward

For information leading to the recovery of bay Clyde filly, three years old branded 2X left shoulder. J. Cavander, Crossfield 22-4-x

Lost

An opportunity to make money if you do not advertise in our columns.

\$10 Reward for recovery of one bloody brown gelding, four years old, weight about 1150, branded WG on left hip, notify Chas. Peterson, Crossfield, Alta. 17-36-x

Found

A paying advertising medium in The Crossfield Chronicle. Through its columns you can sell your goods, find stray cattle and you have no worry.

Estray

One gray mare, weight about 900, branded W on left hip and 1 on left shoulder. One roan mare, weight about 900, branded 135 on right hip; lane in one front foot. At John Lennon's farm five miles west of Crossfield. Owner can have these horses by proving property and paying costs. 25-6-c

Council Meetings

The council of the Village of Crossfield will meet in the hall known as the Bishop's Hall on the first Tuesday of each alternate month, commencing with February at 7 p.m.

By Order of the Village Council
5-52-4 P. I. McAnally, Chairman.

Public Notice

This is to notify the owners of cows within the village that if the said cows are not kept closed up at night, to prevent them from becoming a nuisance, the council will be obliged to enforce the Pound law.

By Order of Village Council
Chas. Hultgren, Sec.-Treas.

AROUND THE TOWN

Crossfield Agricultural fair, June 22nd.

Geo. Becker was a Calgary visitor Tuesday.

E. J. Benton was in Calgary the first of the week.

Furnished rooms to let. Apply at The Chronicle office.

Several Crossfield people took in the sports at Airdrie on Tuesday.

Croft. Newsom and Billy Marsden of the Acme News, were over Sunday visitors in Crossfield.

Mr. and Mrs. Downs are moving in from Calgary this week, having purchased the Reed cottage in the north end.

The stores of Crossfield have arranged to close on the 22nd, in order that all may have an opportunity to attend the Fair.

A. R. Thomas has greatly improved the appearance of his residential property by having the buildings harmoniously painted.

All applications for Government Hail Insurance will receive prompt attention, by applying to G. W. Boyce. Office one door south of "Chronicle."

Mr. Miles Fowler and sister left for Medicine Hat this week. Mr. Fowler is just recuperating from a severe attack of pneumonia, so we all join in wishing him a most pleasant visit.

The Canadian Bank of Commerce has donated a handsome silver medal to be offered as a prize at Crossfield Agricultural Fair, leaving it for the directors to decide in what class it shall be offered.

For Dominion Day, July 1st, the Canadian Pacific Railway Company announce a rate of fare and one-third for the round trip. Tickets will be on sale June 29 to July 1st inclusive, final return limit July 4, 1910.

On Tuesday evening a meeting of the ratepayers was held in Bishop's hall for the purpose of nominating candidates for the vacancy on the village council. C. W. Wicks was placed in nomination. There being no other nominations Mr. Wicks was declared elected by acclamation.

Owing to a head on collision at the Bow river bridge, Calgary, on Monday afternoon, the north bound train was several hours late. Two of the train men were severely injured, one of the engineers being badly cut about the head and one fireman had a foot cut off. Both crews jumped to save themselves.

Alberta's citizen soldiery are now in camp at Calgary for their annual two weeks period of training. The Crossfield members of the 15th Light Horse were picked up on Wednesday afternoon by one of the special trains from the north. Among the organizations in camp we note the following: 15th Light Horse, 19th Canadian Mounted Rifles, 23rd Alberta Rangers, 25th Battery, 13th Army Medical Corps, and 13th Signaling Corps.

Edgar H. Blough and Chas. F. Irons, of Garrison, Iowa, came in Friday to visit John Blough and family. They are pleased with the country and there is a possibility that they may locate in Alberta.

—The Pioneer Real Estate Firm, Hulgren & Davie, has the listing of the best land around Crossfield, close in, and on crop payments, at reasonable prices. Some good bargains for cash. Don't forget the name—Hulgren & Davie.

Mr. and Mrs. Fowler and family wish to thank their many friends for the kindnesses they extended to them during their son's (Mr. Miles Fowler) illness.

—Money to loan on improved farms, no commission, no delay, you get the money in a few days. See Hulgren & Davie.

Notice

Wednesday, June 22nd, the date of the Crossfield Agricultural Fair, has been declared a Civic Holiday, by the Crossfield Village Council. It is requested that all places of business be closed all day.

P. I. McAnally,
Chairman of Council

Notice

I have decided to make a change in my method of doing business. On June 1st, the Crossfield Meat Market will go on a cash basis and no more credit will be given. All owing me on account will please call and settle, as it is necessary to have these outstanding accounts settled at once.

L. G. Fisher

Notice

On June 15th the Farmers Meat Market will go on a cash basis, and after that date no more credit will be given. All owing on account will please call and settle, as we must have these outstanding accounts paid.

Tims & Atkins

Notice to the Public

We understand that it has been reported that there has been glanders amongst the horses of this mine, and we wish to contradict this as there has not been anything of the kind.

Dodds, Curry, Tiding
24p Stopp Mine Carbon

Local Improvement District

15-W-4.

Strichine for poisoning gophers can be had by any resident in the above district from the drug store at Crossfield, at 50c. per ounce. Apply to the councillors, secretary-treasurer or the drug store for orders.

F. R. ROBINSON
22-3-c Secretary-Treasurer

Crossfield School District No. 752

The Regular Meetings of the above school Board will be held at the School House at 10 a. m. on the first Saturday in the following months: January, March, May, July, September and November.

All matters of business pertaining to this district will be attended to at this meeting.

The office of the Sec.-Treas. is in the real estate office next the Chronicle

J. A. MacDougall, Chairman.

G. W. Boyce, Sec.-Treas.

L.I.D. 14-W-4

Ratepayers in the above Local Improvement District are advised to call on the Council for their Township for strychnine at once.

The council ask for tenders for Road grading and the following Councilors will show the work and receive tenders: Tp. 27 Rg. 27 W. 4b. V. Chase Iricana.

27 28 29 30 W. Secret Airdrie.

27 28 29 30 N. I. Wile

28 29 30 31 Crossfield.

28 29 30 31 R. I. McBean

28 29 30 31 J. A. Copley

Fruit Season is Here

Seasonable fruits always on hand

Grocery Dept. Cash Sale

of A No. 1 goods only—the old brands you have always had

Corn.....10c	Tomatoes, 2 for.....25c
Peas.....10c	Pumpkin, 2 for.....25c
Beans.....10c	Rice, best Jap. 5 lb for.....25c
Sago, 3 lb for.....25c	Tapioca, 3 lb for.....25c
Beans, hand picked, 4 lb for.....25c	

These will give you an idea of what your money will buy if spent in the right place

Ontkes & Armstrong

EMIL WEGENER

Agent for

Massey-Harris
Farm Implements

Agent for Gray Carriage Co.

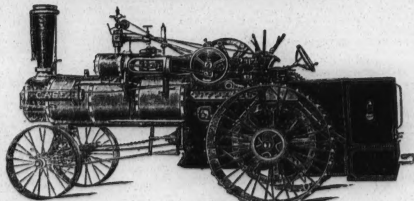
Chatham Fanning Mills.

M. Rumey, Co. Engine.

CROSSFIELD, ALTA.

Crossfield
Livery, Feed & Sale
Stable

H. Ontkes, Prop. Satisfaction Guaranteed

ARE YOU GOING TO PLOW
AND WANT RESULTS?

SEE

our line of J. I. Case Plowing Engines, Plows and Engine Gangs, guaranteed to give satisfaction.

How about Twine? Give your order now for Lowest prices to

Patridge & Gordon

Agents for all kinds of Farm Implements

FASHIONS AND FANCIES

IN planning for the summer outfit it would seem that it would be far easier to decide upon what gowns were necessary if it were definitely settled where the season was to be spent.

Fashionable life at the fashionable watering places demands, for instance, an absolutely different order of gowns from the life at some fashionable summer country home locality, where, in spite of the usual routine of luncheons and dinners, there are many hours and days that really are spent quietly where only at the end of the week is there any formal entertaining that requires elaborate toilettes.

But the American woman does not spend the summer in any one place; on the contrary, seashore and inland, moun-

able, is a vital question of the moment, and especially for the woman who cannot order recklessly the clothes she wants, but who must plan carefully and direct the less expensive dressmaker or seamstress in the way she also goes. The styles are fashionable this season, but when the two piece model is chosen it must be so made that it will look as though it were one piece, even when the skirt is separate from the waist. First must the lining at the waist be most carefully fitted, then must the material be draped, for that is how the waist of today is made; then must the skirt be fitted and hung, sewed upon the waist lining, and where it joins the material of the waist there must be folds of the material or a sash or velvet belt be put on to hide the joining. It is quite possible for a clever seamstress to finish the skirt where it joins the waist so neatly that it will look as though there were just the smallest edge of a fold.

PROGRESS OF CHINA'S WAR ON OPIUM

THE greatest temperance campaign in the world is not the one that has been making state after state "dry" in America, but the crusade of the Chinese Government against opium, which has now been in progress for three years. The authorities have set themselves "the stupendous task of eradicating this national and popular vice in a country whose population is generally estimated at 400,000,000," says the Annual Report on Opium Suppression, issued by the British Legation at Peking. Sir John Jordan, the British Minister at the Chinese capital, says in a dispatch to London that the Government is making "considerable progress" in this work, and "there has undoubtedly been a very sensible diminution in the consumption and cultivation of opium, and a public opinion has been formed which will greatly strengthen the hands of the Government and the provincial authorities in the drastic measures which they contemplate taking in the near future."

The Bombay Guardian confirms this optimistic view of the British official in the following terms:

"Previous reports have showed great differences in the success with which the great reform is being carried out in different provinces of the great Chinese Empire. The present report (1909) shows a more striking contrast than any of the others, especially as regards the cultivation of opium, and a public opinion has been formed which will greatly strengthen the hands of the Government and the provincial authorities in the drastic measures which they contemplate taking in the near future."

At one end of the scale stand six widely separated provinces, in which orders for total prohibition were issued and acted during the season 1907-8, with remarkable success. Two of these, Shansi and Yunnan, had been among the largest producers of opium, nearly all the suitable lands in both being given up to poppy cultivation, yet, with the exception of the portions of Yunnan occupied by semi-independent races, they have been almost cleared of the poppy."

Each of the opium-growing provinces has been visited by a British official, whose reports, declares this journal, "testify to the remarkable success achieved in checking the plague of poppies." Yet reports have not always been so favorable, principally owing to the weakness of these in authority, and we are told:

"Widely different is the tenor of reports from some other provinces. Where, as in Eastern Szechuen, the officials have vacillated, farmers who have seen their neighbors sowing poppy with impunity, and reaping the reward of heightened prices due to suppression in other parts, have been eager to get their share of these unwholesome gains, so that, in not a few of these districts, more poppy was sown in 1907-8 than in the previous year, sometimes even more than before the edict. This experience, together with the proved impracticability of carrying out elaborate provisions for diminishing cultivation by one-tenth annually, as a country destitute of any reliable statistics on which such reduction could be based, has brought the leading viceroy to the conclusion that total and immediate suppression is the only feasible course."

In many provinces no poppy is allowed to be sown, a notable example being Szechuen, which has hitherto produced "nearly half the total Chinese crop." An English clergyman visiting Szechuen writes:

"Is it not truly wonderful? This great centre of opium now for the first time within memory, finds itself without a crop of opium. The prohibition of opium cultivation has been suddenly, drastically, and actually, and the people seem to take it quietly. Not a blade of opium have I seen, but instead one sees wheat, vegetables, etc., all growing, with prospect of a bumper foodstuffs' harvest."

Still strict and drastic measures will have to be resorted

MOUSE-POWER

SINCE the days when man discovered the uses to which he might put his domesticated animals, no more curious form of animal power to operate machinery has been recorded than that derived by a canny Scot, on a Dal Hutton, who in the last century, conceived the notion of putting mice to work for him at his amusement.

Hutton had seen certain toys and trinkets manufactured by the prisoners in a French jail. His attention had been especially attracted by a little toy house there, with a wheel in the gable, the mouse of the common house variety, Hutton bought this device, and for a long time he afforded his amusement, but later he began seriously to consider how a "half-ounce power" (the weight of the mouse) might be applied to some practical end. It finally occurred to him that the manufacture of sewing-thread might be aided in this way.

Now it happened that during the course of the Scot's experiments and investigations he ascertained that an ordinary mouse would average a run of ten and one-half miles per day; but he got one mouse that actually did the extraordinary distance of eighteen miles in that time. A half-penny's worth of oatmeal which was found to be sufficient to feed it for a period of thirty-five days, during which time it made three hundred and sixty-two miles.

From that time Hutton enlisted the constant services of two mice to propel his hand-cranked sewing-machine. This mill was so constructed that the mouse was able to twist, twine, and reel from one hundred to one hundred and twenty threads a day, Sunday not excepted, for the Scot did not permit his ingenious convictions to interfere with the project.

To perform this task the little rodent was obliged to cover its ten and one-half miles a day, when, however, the mouse could do with ease. On the half-penny's worth of oatmeal porridge, lasting five weeks, one of the little fellows made three thousand three hundred and sixty-four threads twenty inches long, and inasmuch as one penny was paid to women for every hank made in the ordinary way, the mouse at the rate mentioned earned eighteen cents every six weeks.

So, allowing for board and for machinery, there accrued to Hutton a tidy profit from each mouse of one dollar and fifty cents. Just as the inventor, having demonstrated the feasibility of his plan, was preparing to enlarge the scope of his enterprise by setting up

Red, Weak, Watery Eyes, Relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine For Your Eye Troubles. Yes, Will Like Murine. It Soothes, Heals, Alleviates, and Cures. Write For Free Booklet. Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Toronto.

IN PAIN FOR YEARS

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" BRINGS RELIEF



MRS. FRANK EATON

Frankville, Ont., Sept. 27, 1909. "I suffered for years from headaches and pain in the back, and I consulted doctors and took every remedy obtainable without any relief. Then I began taking 'Fruit-a-tives,' the famous fruit juice tablets, and this was the only medicine that brought me relief. I took several boxes altogether, and now I am entirely well of all my dreadful headaches and backaches."

(Signed) MRS. FRANK EATON. 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50 or trial box, 25c. At all druggists or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

ten thousand of these mouse mills, he was stricken by the illness that resulted in his death.

A petroleum well has been known in Zante, one of the Ionian Islands, for nearly 3,000 years. It is mentioned by Herodotus, who was born 484 years before the Christian era.

STAMMERERS

The methods employed at the Arnett Institute are the only special methods for the cure of stammering. They treat the CAUSE, not merely the habit, and insure NATURAL speech. If you have the slightest impediment in your speech, don't hesitate to write us. Come to our office, or write for our pamphlet, testimonials and references sent on request. The Arnett Institute, Berlin, Ont.

Dr. Martel's Female Pills

SEVENTEEN YEARS THE STANDARD

Prescribed and recommended for women's ailments, a scientifically prepared remedy of proven worth. They relieve their use is quick and permanent. For sale at all drug stores.

\$122,000.00 FOR A SECRET

The Carbon Oil Works, Limited, are not in the Petroleum Oil business, as some people think, but are manufacturers of oils derived from Coal-Tar. These oils are extracted from tar by a secret process without distillation, and the oils thus extracted have been proved by scientists to be of great medicinal value. Physicians thoroughly test these Basic Oils and pronounced them to be a positive cure for Eczema, Psoriasis, and a number of other skin diseases. We succeeded in adapting these oils for ordinary use by producing "Parafina," which is put up in ointment form in fancy white jars and sold by all reliable druggists at 50 cents per pot. The Carbon Oil Works, Limited, which is composed of a number of representative western business men, purchased the right to make their oils by the secret process above mentioned for the sum of \$122,000, and they are now ready to suggest that they are willing to stake the Company's reputation on the statements made herein.

FOR THAT NEW HOUSE

Sackett Plaster Board

The Empire Brands of Wall Plaster

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

The Manitoba Gypsum Co., Limited

WINNIPEG, MAN.

THE PULSE WATCH

THERE is now employed by physicians and nurses a watch, constructed on the "stop" principle, which indicates the number of pulse beats per minute.

A push-button is pressed at the beginning of the count and again at the twentieth pulsation, when the number of beats per minute is shown on a dial without the necessity for calculation.

Still another push on the button brings the counter back to the starting-point. In the ordinary method of taking the pulse the observer is obliged to do two things at the same time—i.e., to count the beats and to keep his eye on the second-hand of the watch. With the new watch only one operation is necessary—the counting of the pulsations up to the point, when the push-button is pressed.

10 CIGARETTES

TEN FOR TEN CENTS

Embroidered Pale Blue Voile de Soie Gown With Black Chiffon Coat

tain and plains, and, incidentally, Europe and America, are, as a rule, included in the summer literary, requiring, as can readily be understood, an endless variety of gowns for day and evening. To carry out such a schedule implies the possession of such an income that the dress question is considered on quite a different basis from the selection of the customary summer wardrobe. The woman of today has no stated season of the year when she selects new gowns; she soon tires of any she buys, and straightway lies herself to lay in a fresh supply, and there are always, all the year round, at the leading establishments smart gowns to be found, even at the between times, when the head of the house is abroad studying the very latest creations of the designers in Europe.

In spite of the great wealth in America and the fact that many American women buy without counting the cost, there are few among the smartest gowned who do not find it essential to select carefully and purchase prudently the summer outfit. They do not wish to be gowned too conspicuously; they insist upon being gowned correctly, pride themselves upon always having just the right gown for each and every occasion, and content the desired result cannot be obtained by ordering recklessly.

What are the most popular fabrics of the season, is always a question of deep interest. The soft, clinging materials are so fascinatingly attractive, so peculiarly well adapted to all this season's models that naturally they challenge attention, but there are also heavier materials more closely woven that are fashionable as well and that cannot be ignored.

Voile de soie and cashmere de soie, chiffon broadcloth, liberty satin, satin chamois, satin crepe de Chine—all these and many more are shown as suitable for the summer gowns. Foulard, tussah, royal pongee, rajah, in such an endless selection of color, weave and weight, are shown that it is extremely difficult to select understandingly, and in order to exercise calm judgment there must be called to mind for what purpose the gown is to be worn; then it is far simpler to decide on the material. The afternoon reception gown, suitable for luncheon or card party, is this season elaborate in design, and the transparent materials are the best for it, so that voile de soie is gladly chosen.

Cashmere de soie is a most exquisite material that is becoming more and more fashionable of late. It has been made up in three piece costumes, skirt, waist and coat to match, and for that purpose has been proved to be a rival for summer wear. It comes in all grades, all designs and colors, and the shades of colors are endless. In black it has a sheen and finish that make it almost impossible for street wear. Just as with the cashmere of older time it is easy to make good as well when made of it, and for the full fitting coats it hangs loose, and, at the same time, follows the lines and not the curves is a most delightfully fashionable manner.

Bands of triangles, folds, ruffles and buckles are all to be noticed in the newest gowns when not made on the plain draped lines just described. Just where shall be placed the band or fold that holds the skirt in around the ankles is most carefully studied by every dressmaker who is successful in her profession, and it is most remarkable what a different effect is at once obtained by an inch or two in the placing. To enable the wearer of the skirt to take a long step, not too long, and at the same time not to look as though she were hobbled, certainly requires artistic (and rare) skill, but the wonderful feat is accomplished sometimes, and the fashion still reigns. Unfortunately—or is it fortunately?—there are so many who fail diametrically in the attempt that the fashion will undoubtedly come to a violent end before long. Is the one piece or the two piece gown the more fashionable?



Embroidered Voile de Soie and Satin Gown

to, declares the editor of the Bombay paper above quoted, if the good work is to be crowned with success, and we read that everything "well done" on the dress of the officials in rooting up, as has been done elsewhere, the crops of poppy which may have been sown in spite of orders."

Alberta Hotel

**Good
Accommodation
Reasonable
Rates**

Geo. Stratton
Proprietor

**Livery Feed and Sale
Stables**

McPHEE & WICKS
(Successors to F. R. Parker)

Transfer in Connection.
GOOD HORSES GOOD RIGS
CAREFUL DRIVERS
Crossfield. Alberta

**DISC
SHARPENING.**

Now is the time to bring your Disc
to be sharpened at

JOHN FREW'S
Shoeing Forge.

**Crossfield
Drug Store**

For Your Stationery and all
Medical Supplies.

MERRICK THOMAS.



CHAS. DICKENS
(From Edinburgh)
WATCHMAKER
331
8th Ave. East,
Calgary.
"Just below" The
Queens"

Watches etc., received in Crossfield, by
E. J. Benton, Barber.

4

**Shoeing
Repair Work
Wagon Work
Carriage Work**

C

H. W. Currie

The Blacksmith
Successor to W. Bradley

**IT'S WALL PAPER
TIME**

The time to replace the dingy
spotted paper with fresh at-
tractive patterns, that will
show off to better advantage
your pictures and furnishings
Something to suit every taste
in our extensive assortment

J. A. SACKETT
CARRIAGE AND SIGN PAINTING
PAPERHANGING

Local News

D. Lowe was up from Calgary
this week.

Miss Mary Brown, who has been
visiting her sister Mrs. Cameron,
has returned home.

Wellington and Robert McCool
are in from the Red Deer country
visiting their parents until after the
fair.

Mr. and Mrs. James Cameron are
spending the summer holidays at
the home of Mrs. Cameron's parents
Mr. and Mrs. Jas. H. Brown.

James McCool is down from Ed-
monton till after the fair, visiting
his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John
McCool. We are pleased to see
Jim with us again.

Wednesday evening a game of
baseball was played on the Cross-
field diamond, between Floral and
Crossfield. The score tells the
story, the home team winning by
29 to 6.

Farmers are wisely taking time
by the forelock in the matter of hail
insurance. G. W. Boyce has al-
ready sent in to the government
nearly \$2,500 in premiums, which
breaks the record for this time in
the season.

Jas. Chisholm has sent us a sum-
mary of the June weather for the
past five years, from records kept
by himself. It affords an interest-
ing comparison, but owing to the
large amount of labor involved in
putting it into type we have been
unable to get it into this issue.

Governor Gillette, of California,
has announced that the big prize
fight shall not disgrace his state.
And now comes Mayor McCarthy
of San Francisco and says that by
the great horn spoon, etc., etc., the
fight shall take place in San Fran-
cisco, Governor Gillette or no Gov-
ernor Gillette. Whatever may be
the outcome of the official clash,
one thing is certain, the governor
could not have hit upon a more ef-
fective method of advertising the
fight. There is some talk of taking
the fight to Reno, Nevada.

Everything promises to be in
readiness for the Crossfield Agricul-
tural Fair on the 22nd. The farm-
ers have responded nobly to the call
for men and teams, and the grounds
are a regular bee-hive these days.
The half mile track is being worked
into splendid condition—much bet-
ter than one would have thought
possible in the limited time. A fine
grand stand is being erected and
we understand that a commodious
hall will be fitted up underneath
this for the general exhibits. In
connection with this our first fair
there is an all-pull-together spirit
manifest that, if it can be kept up
from year to year, will make this
the model fair of the province.

Ottawa, June 13.—"From present ap-
pearance this will be the greatest crop
year in the history of the west." Dr.
Wm. Saunders, experimental farm di-
rector, waxed enthusiastic on the outlook,
having returned Sunday from a trip
in which he travelled over 2,000 miles after
leaving Winnipeg.

Agricultural Society Meets

A meeting of the Agricultural So-
ciety was held in Bishop's hall on
Thursday evening. It was a har-
monious meeting and business right
from the word go.

The action of the committee in
selection of grounds was after full
discussion approved.

If the fair is not a success it is no
ones fault. The fair grounds have
been a busy spot for some time.
Everyone is enthusiastic, and we
foresee a bright future for Crossfield,
and wish the Agricultural Society
every success, which they deserve.

Board of Trade

The Board of Trade held a meet-
ing on Tuesday evening for the con-
sideration of matters in connection
with the agricultural fair.

A motion was passed approving
the action of the committee in se-
lecting grounds at the north end of
town.

It was decided to have programs
printed for the fair and sports.

The secretary was instructed to
apply to the R. N. W. M. P. to
send two constables here for fair
day.

—How is this for a bargain? \$500.00
will handle 100 acres, three miles from
Crossfield at only 20.00 per acre and long
terms on balance. Call on Hultgren &
Davie for snap like this.

British Fleet to Make Tour of World

Washington—England will be the
next country to assemble a battleship
fleet for a trip around the world. The
trip will not take place until the au-
tumn of next year. This will make it
possible for the 26,000 ton battleship
of the Princess Royal type—the
largest in the world—to be at the
head of the naval procession. The
boats will stop at various foreign
ports, and the trip will consume two
years.

Two hundred ships of all classes
will be included, and about fifteen
submarines are to accompany the
Dreadnoughts. This will be the first
time in naval history that the little
craft will be tested by the severe
strain of ocean service. The fleet
will be subdivided for visits to Chi-
nese and Indian ports. At the con-
clusion of these visits the fleet will
assemble in the Yellow Sea, where
long stops will be made in Japanese
ports. Then they will go to San Fran-
cisco and British Columbia ports,
thence sailing home.

London—It is stated that the Duke
of Connaught, in accordance with the
desire of King Edward, will succeed
Earl Grey as Governor-General.

Melbourne—The demand for west-
ern Australian land is so great that
surveyors are insufficient to block it

In the District Court of the Dis- trict of Calgary

Between D. A. MacCrimmon of Cross-
field, Alberta, Plaintiff; and Harvey
Sower, of Crossfield, Alberta, De-
fendant,

To Harvey Sower the above named
Defendant,

You are notified that the above
named plaintiff has entered an action
against you in the above named Court
for the recovery of the claim, a state-
ment of which is filed in Court whereby
the plaintiff claims \$305.78 and costs.

And you are notified that if you dis-
pute the said claim either in whole or in
part you do so on or before the 19th day of
June A. D. 1910, cause to be entered for
you in the office of the clerk of this Court
an appearance, and within six days
thereafter file with the said Clerk a state-
ment of the ground on which such dis-
pute is based.

And take notice that in default of your
doing so the plaintiff may proceed in his
said action, and judgment may be given
in your absence, and without further
notice to you.

This notice is given pursuant to Or-
der of His Honor Judge Mitchell, dated
the 17th day of May A. D. 1910.

STEWART TWEDDIE & CHARMAN
Calgary, Alberta
Solicitors for the Plaintiff

Commencing

Monday May 9th.

**We will Offer you Men's,
Boy's, and Youth's clothing
and odd Pants at**

25% Off Regular Prices

Continue to sell at this Reductiott until our
present stock of clothing is cleared out. --
This stock is Clean and Up-to-date and it
will pay you to procure your Suit early as
they will not last long at these prices. --

Wm. URQUHART

Cash Store

Crossfield,

Alberta

**Whips
Harness**

**Robes
Saddles**

can supply you with any kind of harness you
need, light or heavy. First-class in quality and
made to stand the strain of everyday work.

Repair Work A Specialty

Jas. Dryburgh

Crossfield

Alberta

FIRST ANNUAL

FAIR and SPORTS

OF THE

**Crossfield Agricultural
Society**

Crossfield June 22nd.

Large List of Entries. Good Prizes Offered. Good
Track and Interesting Attractions. Come
and Attend the First Fair in
the Province

PROGRAM OF SPORTS

THREE HEATS TO RACE

Horses 14 hands and under, half mile Heats

Horses 14 1/2 " and

Half Mile open

One Mile Open Trot or Pace

Cowboy Race 1 Heat

Bucking Contest

Ladies' Race, one Half Mile Dash

A Baseball Match between Bowden and Crossfield

LIBERAL PRIZES IN ALL EVENTS. JUDGES DECISION FINAL IN ALL CASES

For prize list, entry forms and other information, apply to the Secretary
G. W. BOYCE